Municipality of Glenboro – South Cypress

Lagoon Expansion



How It Started

- The Provincial Government (Manitoba Conservation and Climate) issued a letter to the Municipality dated May 27,2015
- They required that the wastewater treatment system be upgraded stating that:

"The lagoon does not meet current environmental standards, in particular with respect to containment in the secondary cell"



Existing Location of the Glenboro Lagoon



Glenboro's Facultative Lagoon



Primary Cell

Exfiltration Cell



Lagoon Statistics

- o.4% Population Growth
- 20 year wastewater production
 291.6m³/day
- 230 day storage requirement



Organic Capacity

- Current Organic Capacity: 76.2 kg BOD5/day
- 20 Year Projection Rate: 56.2 kg BOD5/day

Sufficient



Storage Capacity

- Storage Capacity Required: 230 days between November 1 and June 15 (top half of primary cell & storage cell volume)
- Primary Cells Storage Capacity: 22,492m³
 Exfiltration cell is not considered
 20 Year Storage Capacity Needed: 67,059m³

Not Sufficient





Organic and Storage Capacity Summary

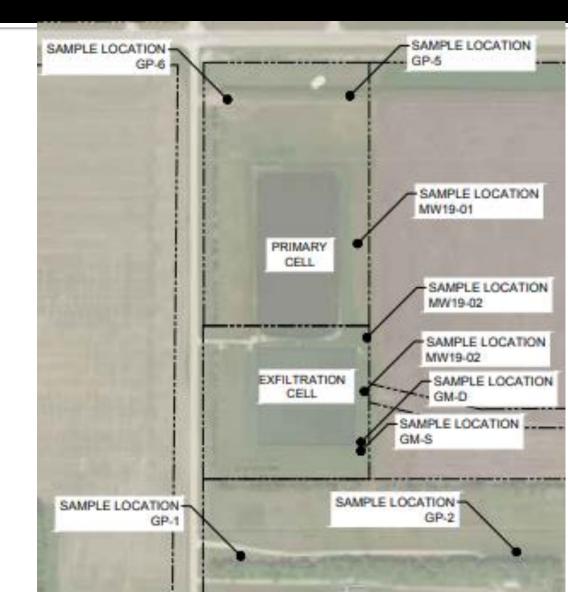
What does this mean?

It means that partly treated effluent is entering the ground through the exfiltration cell into the Assiniboine Delta Aquifer – the drinking water

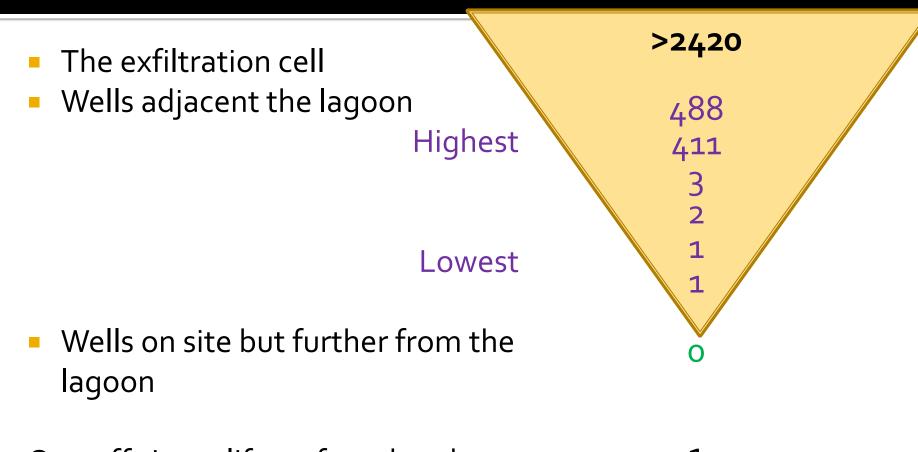


Groundwater Sampling Locations

- Groundwater flow direction is to the north towards the Assiniboine River.
- The River flows to the east and Glenboro is east of the lagoon
- Wells are placed between the lagoon and residential properties



Highest Exceedance Total Coliforms - MPN/100 mL



One off site coliform found at the Fair Grounds - thought to have been from animals at the grounds

Other Health Based Groundwater Exceedances

- Arsenic and Manganese
 - Greater in groundwater than the exfiltration cell
 - Naturally occurring

- Fecal Coliform (MPN/100 mL)
 - Exfiltration cell: 9
 - One well adjacent the lagoon: 1
 - All others: o

Groundwater

- No off site groundwater exceedances of health based criteria; however, Conservation and Climate does not want exfiltration to continue in order to protect the groundwater from potential impacts
- Updated Lagoon will discharge treated water off site

Proposed Lagoon Options

JR COUSIN CONSULTANTS LTD.

Proposed Upgrade Options:

- Aerate & Line Primary Lagoon, add 2 Submerged Attached Growth Reactor (SAGR) cells, Discharge: Assiniboine River.
 - Capital Cost: \$8,844,900
 - 20 year lifecycle cost: \$11,061,200
- New Lagoon in RM of Argyle
 - Capital Cost: \$9,101,300
 - 20 y Lifecycle Cost: \$10,114,300
- Expand & use Spruce Woods Provincial Park Lagoon
 - Capital Cost: \$8,833,700
 - 20 year Lifecycle Cost: \$10,181,000



Lagoon Options Continued

SAMSON ENGINEERING INC.

- Use existing Primary Cell & bentonite modified clay liner
- Aerate primary cell with 2 partial mix cells & a settling cell
- Construct 2 SAGR cells north of existing primary cell
- Install pre-fabricated building for blowers
- Decommission existing infiltration cell
- Discharge: Assiniboine River
- Sewer upgrade component (\$1,314,532 of Capital Cost)
- Capital Cost: \$5,519,099
- Est. 20 Year Lifecycle Cost: \$6.623,000

Lagoon Options

- With Samson's lagoon option, the average estimated cost savings, compared to JR Cousin options, would be approximately:
 - \$3,408,000 for capital costs
 - \$3,829,000 for the 20 year lifecycle costs

The Municipality has decided to proceed with Samson's option.

Funding

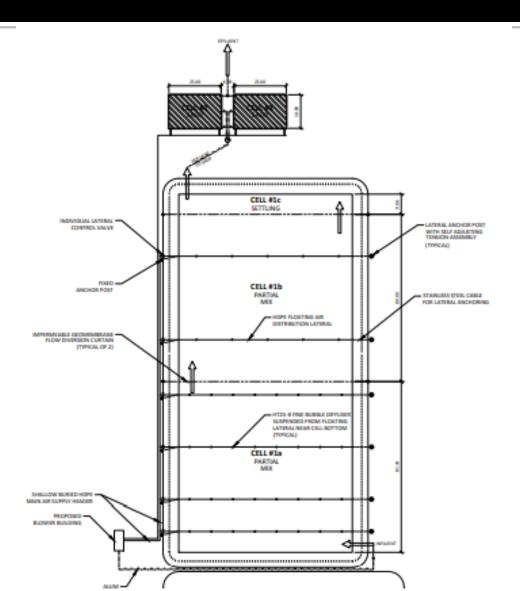
APPLIED TO:

- Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program (ICIP)
- Green Infrastructure
 Stream Environmental
 Quality
 - Estimated ICIP Contribution:\$4,047,155.30

ALTERNATIVE FUNDING:

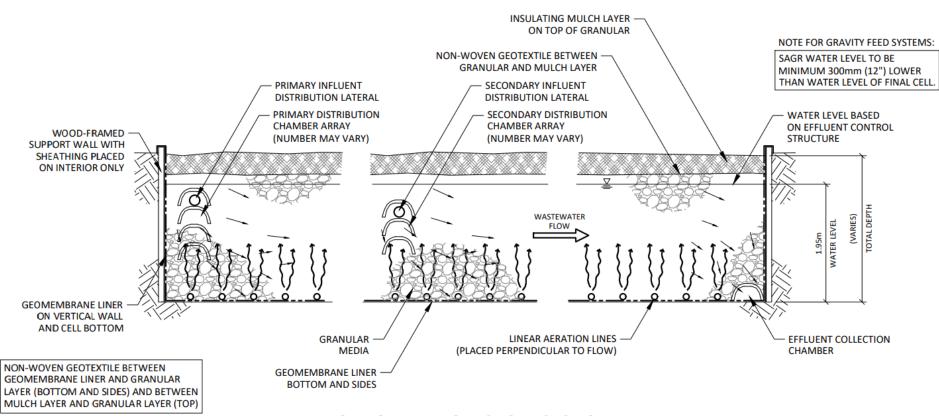
- The Manitoba Water Services Board
 - 50/50 Split

Typical Layout





SAGR HORIZONTAL FLOW

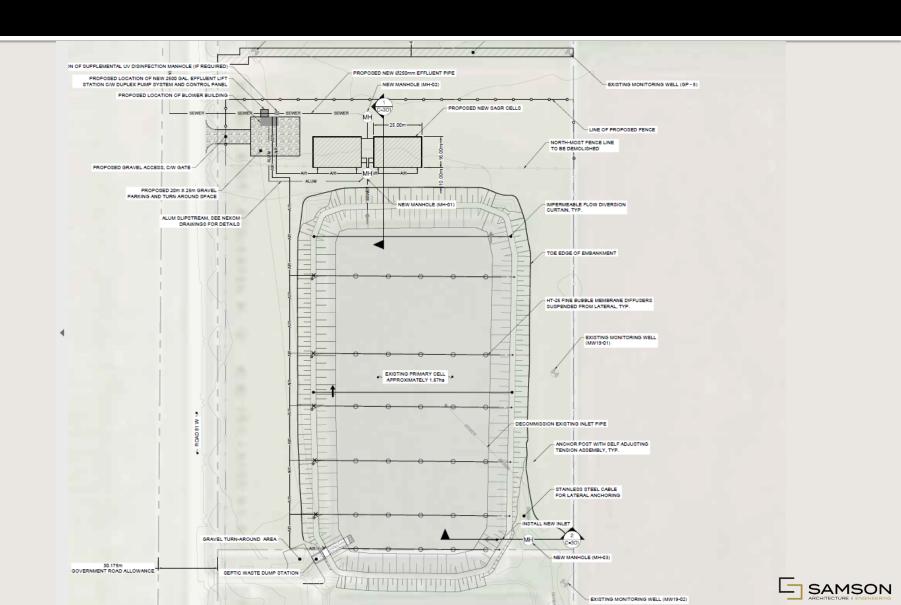


HORIZONTAL FLOW SAGR - SECTION

SCALE: N.T.S.



Proposed Site Plan



Proposed Discharge

















Glenboro Lagoon Summary

- Current facultative Lagoon exfiltrates partly treated water into the groundwater; however, there are no impacts leaving the lagoon site
- The Lagoon will be upgraded to an aerated primary cell with 2 SAGR cells that will treat water to meet surface water discharge limits
- Treated water will be discharged to the Assiniboine River
- Project is on hold until funding is received